## The Fxhibits...

March to Equality

## Introduction...

## MARCH TO EOUALITY: 200 NIGHTS in MILNALKER



This introductory exhibit of student collage art was done with visual artist, Kim Abler, also Arts @ Large Founder and CoDirector and the MPS Art
Curriculum Specialist.

Students selected images and words to communicate important ideas in the exhibition.

## Quotations...

Important quotations were featured throughout the exhibition.

This quotation is from a poem in Margaret Rozga's book, 200 Nights and One Day, (2009), which tells the story of the Milwaukee civil rights movement through poetry.

## Segregated Milwaukee...



This exhibit explained several of the unfair housing practices that led to a segregated Milwaukee and contributed to an overcrowded "core".

## The Inner Core...



A map of the inner "core" of Milwaukee was displayed in this exhibit, delineating the boundaries within which AfricanAmericans were restricted in terms of housing during thel960s.

A poem written by Pat Bridges, NOVA School co-director and a child marcher in the movement, was affixed outside the "box".

## The Brittons'...



This exhibit told the story of Ronald Britton (a returning Vietnam veteran) and his family, who were unable to rent a home on 29th and Burleigh because they were African-American. Their story, along with similar other stories, propelled the fair housing movement.

The Britton story is told through the poetry of Margaret Rozga and student poet, Neohsa

It was a well-built brick house, but Norma, Norma seemed uneasy. She checked and rechecked the ad, the address.
Okay. But I wonder why there's no for rent sign up here.
What worried her now? I survived Vietnam.
Our daughter is healthy, ten pounds already. We have money for rent. We'll be able to save for a down payment. Doesn't look like any Negroes on the block.

Hey, it's winter. Folks are inside.
We have laws now. Martin Luther King.
Norma, Norma, I fought for my country.
Things have changed.

Right. She smiles. I walk around the car, give her a hand, help her with the baby.

A White woman answers the door.
We'd like to see the flat you advertised for rent. Yes, the downstairs unit.

Rented? Already?
It was in this afternoon's paper.
You say what?
You couldn't cancel the ad that quick?
You're worried about what? About what your neighbors would think?

Norma and I look at each other.
At our daughter.
At the door closing.
-Margaret Rozga, (2009), 200 Nights and One Day,
Benu Press, Hopkins, Minnesota
Respect, by Margaret Rozga.

## A Soldier's Tale

He poured sweat blood and tears into the soil
With his multi-colored brethren
They didn't notice that his skin was the color of smooth cut wood
Their country's views weren't their's
What he saw was survival
To make it home and be with his family
What he didn't anticipate was being denied a simple luxury
Having a beautiful home with those he fought for
Because his skin is the color of his young child's eyes
Those eyes that only know of love
Not racism
As he walked away with the words stuck in his head
"What would my neighbors think?"
What would her neighbors think?
Would they think that a man who has fought for our country is living next door
Or would they chant to their kids a word that shouldn't be spoken
To stay away from that house and make sure to always look down
Would they make his family the boogeyman on that block
He poured sweat, blood and tears into the soil
Bullet wounds
Gunshots
Only to be shot down in the vicinity of his own country
The only question on his mind
"Is this what I fought for?"

- Nova Student, Neosha


## NAACP Youth Council...



This exhibit of archival photos illustrated the critical role of the Milwaukee NAACP Youth Council, their protest strategies and the outcomes of their efforts.

## Guiding Forces...



This exhibit highlighted the important leadership role of Vel Phillips and Father James Groppi in the Milwaukee Civil Rights Movement of the 1960s.

Dr. Jay Larkey was also featured in this exhibit. His doctor bag is shown, on loan from the Jewish Museum Milwaukee.


The role of each of the featured NAACP Youth Council Activists was described alongside their portrait, which was taken by a Nova student photographer. Each display also included an historical photo of the activist during the Milwaukee Civile Rights movement of the 1960s (on the back panel).


Quick Read (QR) Codes througout the exhibition led visitors to more information...

QR Codes were developed by Trevor Berman, UW-Milwaukee Digitialization Specialist and Zach Zdun, UW-Milwaukee Intern, Architecture Department.

## 16th Street Viaduct...



Students worked with papier mache artist, Steve Wirtz, to create the bridge.

This exhibit was about the significance of the 16th Street Viaduct, now called the James
E. Groppi Unity

Bridge. Student silhouettes depicted marchers and their
"protest" signs contained information about critical events throughout the movement, thus creating a timeline.

## The Blue Goose...



Students worked with papier mache artist, Steve Wirtz, to create the bus and tree.

The NAACP Youth Council attained a new yellow bus to take to the marches and conventions in other states-most notable, the March on Washington with Dr. Martin Luther King. The bus didn't remain yellow, it was painted blue and became known as the "Blue Goose".

## Reclaiming Kosciuszko Park...



Students worked with environmental artist, Sean Kiebzak, to create the peace bench.

In this exhibit students "reclaim" Kosciuszko Park as a place of peace and harmony. (During the movement the park was the end point of many of the fair housing marches. Hostile counterdemonstrators often gatherered there.)

This exhibit includes a peace bench, a poem by student Neosha and a tree where visitors who were involved in the movement are invited to write their name on a tree leaf.

Have you walked through this park like they did? Thousands of people surrounding a group of one hundred Faces of hate

## Bottles of despise thrown at their heads like they were the problem

 But they were the solutionTeens joining together are so uncommon now
But before this era they bonded together
Singing
"We Shall Overcome"
They shall get pass this night with their lives still intact

Only thing visible would be the blood streaming down their faces from bricks getting thrown at their heads

In this park
It all took place
The trees ingested the hate in the counter protestor's voices
The grass swayed with rage
Everything in this park screamed
Hate
Hate
Hate a four-letter word that stood so tall
I want to walk through Kosciuszko Park and feel trees that are filled with peace
Grass that sways in a rhythm of joy
Let this park be filled with tranquility
Let the hate pass like the wind
Pick up and catch fire
Never to be experienced again

## Peace Comes to Kosciuszko Park, by sudent poet, Neosha

## A Call to Action...



On this Tree of Promise, students share their pledge to make Milwaukee a better place and challenge visitors to do the same.

I promise...
To go to college so I can lead the example of a well-educated AfricanAmerican woman.

- Tyana

I promise to change the lives of young people.

- Javaris

Sauadt

## HANA



## I promise…

To take a leadership role in the city of Milwaukee and leave positive leadership tracks so that people can follow my footsteps and hopefully become their own leader.

